FREE VERSE POETRY ADVANCED

النفي في اللهجة العراقية

في لقاء الشاعرة لميعة عباس عمارة، استمعنا إلى قليل من اللهجة العراقية، خلينا نتعلم بعض أحكام النفي في العراقي

مد، ما ، مو Negation

Like MSA, Y is used in the Iraqi dialect to answer yes/ no questions and from command sentences:

ترىد تاكل؟ لا Do you want to eat? No لا تأكل هسّة Don't eat now

To negate actions, $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\triangle}$ is attached to verb fronts. Sometimes, it is pronounced as depending on the region.

مَارِيد أكل هسّة مَقريت المقالة بعد مَحبّيت الشعر التقليدي مشربت قهوة اليوم

مو Closely related to م and م is the particle which negates nouns, adjectives, pronouns, and demonstratives:

هذا مو أستاذنا مو هذا اللي أريده مو أنتَ هذا مو حلو الشعر

is used in interrogative questions that functionally seek confirmation. For example:

مو درسنا البارحة؟ Didn't we study yesterday? Meaning, we did actually study yesterday (implying, isn't that enough)

Didn't we study with you? Meaning, we did indeed study with you (implying what else you want from us)

مودرسنا وياكم؟

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Listen to this video about one of Al-Sayyab's childhood homes.

It is an interview with his daughter. Try to spot some usage of

negative forms:

